April 28, 1986 8472A/BL:clt

INTRODUCED BY: GRANT, SULLIVAN, NORTH LAING, GRUGER
PROPOSED NO.: 85 - 63

ORDINANCE NO. 7590

AN ORDINANCE establishing the Surface Water Management program and setting rates and charges for surface and storm water management in King County; designating the Department of Public Works, Surface Water Management Division as the responsible agency, amending Ordinance 1438 subsection 3(a) as amended and K.C.C. 2.16.040; and providing for appeal of service charges to the Zoning and Subdivision Examiner, amending Ordinance 4461, Section 2, as amended and K.C.C. 20.24.080, and repealing Ordinance 5940 and K.C.C. 20.50.085.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

NEW SECTION SECTION 1. Definitions.

- The plan and all implementing regulations Basin Plan. and procedures including but not limited to land use management adopted by ordinance for managing surface and storm water management facilities and features within individual drainage basins.
- Developed Parcel. Any parcel altered from the natural state by the construction, creation or addition of impervious surfaces.
- С. Director. The director of the department of public works or his/her designee.
- D. Impervious Surface. A hard surface area which either prevents or retards the entry of water into the soil mantle as it entered under natural conditions pre-existent to development, and/or a hard surface area which causes water to run off the surface in greater quantities or at an increased rate of flow from the flow present under natural conditions pre-existent to development. Common impervious surfaces include, but are not limited to, roof tops, walkways, patios, driveways, parking lots

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or storage areas, concrete or asphalt paving, gravel roads, packed earthen materials, and oiled, macadam or other surfaces which similarly impede the natural infiltration of surface water. Open, uncovered retention/detention facilities shall not be considered as impervious surfaces for the purpose of this ordinance.

- E. Land Use Code. The type of development on a specific parcel of land as identified by records maintained by the King County department of assessments as modified or supplemented by information resulting from investigation by the surface water management division. Land use codes are preliminary indicators of the extent of impervious surface and are used in the initial analysis to assign an appropriate rate category for a specific parcel. "Service station", "single-family home", and "shopping center" are examples of land use codes.
- F. Maintenance. The act or process of cleaning, repairing or preserving a system, unit, facility, structure or piece of equipment.
- G. Open Space. Any parcel, property or portion thereof classified for current use taxation under the provisions of K.C.C. 20.36 and Chapter 84.34 RCW, or for which the development rights have been sold to King County under the provisions of K.C.C. 26.04. This definition includes lands which have been classified as open space, agricultural or timber lands under criteria contained in K.C.C. 20.36 and Chapter 84.34 RCW.
- H. Parcel. The smallest separately segregated unit or plot of land having an identified owner, boundaries, and surface area which is documented for property tax purposes and given a tax lot number by the King County assessor.
- I. Person. Person shall be construed to include any individual, firm, company, association, corporation or

governmental agency.

- J. Rate Category. The classification in this ordinance given to a parcel in the service area based upon the type of land use on the parcel and the percentage of impervious surface area contained on the parcel.
- K. Retention/Detention Facilities. Facilities designed either to hold runoff for a short period of time and then release it to the natural watercourse or to hold water for a considerable length of time and disperse it by evaporation, plant absorption or infiltration into the ground.
- L. Residence. A building or structure or portion thereof, designed for and used to provide a place of abode for human beings. The term residence includes the term "residential" or "residential unit" as referring to the type of or intended use of a building or structure.
- M. Residential Parcel. Any parcel which contains no more than three residences or three residential units which are within a single structure and is used primarily for residential purposes.
- N. Service Area. The area described in Exhibit A hereto attached and made a part hereof.
- O. Storm Water Control Facilities. Any facility improvement, development, property or interest therein, made, constructed or acquired for the purpose of controlling, or protecting life or property from any storm, waste, flood or surplus waters.
- P. Surface and Storm Water Management System. The surface and storm water management system is comprised of storm water control facilities and any other natural features which store, control, treat and/or convey surface and storm water.
 - Q. Undeveloped Parcel. Any parcel which has not been

altered from its natural state by the construction, creation, or addition of impervious surfaces.

R. Program. The Surface Water Management Program is the program as set forth in Sections 2 to 9, and 12 to 16 of this ordinance.

NEW SECTION SECTION 2. Authority.

- A. There is hereby created and established the Surface Water Management Program of King County under which the provisions of this ordinance shall be carried out.
- B. The program herein created shall be administered by the King County department of public works, surface water management division.
- C. Right of Entry. Whenever necessary to examine the property characteristics of a particular parcel for the determination of rates and charges, the director or his/her designee may enter any property or portion thereof at reasonable times in compliance with the following procedures:
- 1. If such property or portion thereof is occupied, the director or his/her designee shall present identification credentials, state the reason for entry and request entry.
- 2. If such property or portion thereof is unoccupied, the director or his/her designee shall first make a reasonable effort to locate the owner or other persons having charge or control of the property or portion thereof and request entry.
- 3. Unless entry is consented to by the owner or person in control of any property or portion thereof, the director or his/her designee, prior to entry, shall obtain a search warrant as authorized by the laws of the State of Washington.
- D. The program may coordinate activities related to surface water management, including but not limited to basin planning, maintenance, operation and construction of facilities, water

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quality control, contracting for services with interested municipalities or special districts including but not limited to sewer and water districts, school districts, port districts or other governmental agencies.

SECTION 3. Ordinance 1438, Subsection 3(a) as amended and K.C.C. 2.16.040 are hereby amended as follows:

Department of Public Works - Duties - Divisions.

- A. The department is responsible to manage, be fiscally accountable for, those programs related to:
- 1. The design, cost-effective construction and maintenance of the county's road system.
 - 2. The King County International Airport.
 - 3. The disposal and recycling of solid waste.
 - 4. Flood warning and the regulation of drainage.
 - 5. Surface Water Management Program.
- ((5.)) <u>6.</u> The establishment, operation and maintenance of the system or systems of sewerage and/or water operated or maintained by King County.
- $((6_7))$ 7. The management of the motor pool, public works and other applicable Equipment Rental and Revolving (ER&R) funds.
- ((7.)) 8. Assigned intradepartment administrative and operational services.
- B. The department shall be composed of the following divisions:
- 1. Roads and Engineering Division. The functions of the division include:
 - a. Plan, design and maintain county roads.
- b. Plan, design, install and maintain county traffic signs, markings, and signals.
- c. Manage intergovernmental contracts or agreements for services related to road maintenance and construction.

- d. Review and approve preliminary and final plats/short plats.
- e. Inspect utilities during construction and upon completion for compliance with standards, specifications and restoration of public facilities disturbed due to construction.
- 2. Airport Division. The functions of the division include:
- a. Manage the maintenance and operations of Boeing Field/King County International Airport.
- b. Manage and be accountable for all approved revenue producing real property leases or other contracts related to the airport.
- c. Administer the implementation of approved county policy relating to airport development.
- 3. Solid Waste Division. The functions of the division include:
- a. Manage and operate the county's comprehensive solid waste program on a self-supporting basis.
- b. Manage and be accountable for all transfer station operations and landfills, as well as the transportation of waste between county facilities.
- c. Procure and maintain all capital and operating equipment unique to the solid waste function.
- d. Actively pursue all revenue sources in an effort to maintain the lowest possible rate structure for the benefit to county citizens.
- 4. Surface Water Management Division. The functions of the division include:
- a. Regulate surface water runoff associated with construction or land development.
 - b. Implement programs and standards that regulate

drainage.

c. Provide and implement a flood warning system.

- d. Regulate the installation and regular maintenance of all retention/detention facilities, as required by law.
- e. Review all permit applications involving drainage regulation.
- f. Within available resources, maintain major river channels and storm drainage systems as deemed necessary to minimize county liability from flooding.
- g. Administer the Surface Water Management Program and the billing and collection of storm drainage control rates and charges.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> <u>SECTION 4.</u> Surface Water Management Citizens Committee.

- A. The surface water management citizens committee is hereby established. The committee shall act in an advisory capacity to the director on matters concerning surface water management and may submit independent recommendations to the county executive and county council. The committee shall review, advise and make recommendations regarding matters such as general program focus, program service levels and financing, and policies on surface water issues.
- B. The committee shall be comprised of 11 members who reside or own property in the service area. The committee members shall include a cross section of the public affected by the program including private citizens, commercial, community and environmental organizations.
- C. The committee shall consist of eleven (11) members appointed by the executive from a list of names submitted by the council. One of the eleven members shall be an ex officio member representing the incorporated jurisdictions.

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- D. The appointments shall be for a period of three years and shall be staggered as follows: 4 members shall serve for 3 years, 4 members shall serve for 2 years and 3 members for 1 year.
- E. The appointments shall be effective upon approval by council motion. Members whose terms have expired shall serve until a replacement is appointed.
- F. The committee shall select its officers, including chair, vice-chair and any others it deems necessary.
 - G. The committee shall adopt appropriate by-laws.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 5. Purpose. It is the finding of the county that the Surface Water Management Program is necessary in order to promote public health, safety and welfare by establishing and operating a comprehensive approach to surface and storm water problems. A comprehensive approach to surface and storm water problems includes the following elements; basin planning, land use regulation, construction of facilities, maintenance and public education. It is the finding of the county that the most cost effective and beneficial approach to surface water management is through preventative actions and protection of the natural drainage system. In approaching surface water problems the Surface Water Management Program shall give priority to methods which provide protection or enhancement of the natural drainage system over means which primarily involve construction of new drainage systems or components of the drainage system. The purpose of the rates and charges established herein is to provide a method for payment of all or any part of the cost and expense of maintaining and operating storm water control facilities, all or any part of the cost and expense of planning, designing, establishing, acquiring, developing, constructing and improving any of such facilities, or to pay or secure the payment of all or any portion of any issue

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These rates and charges are necessary in order to promote the public health, safety and welfare by minimizing uncontrolled storm water and sedimentation, to preserve and utilize the many values of the county's natural drainage system including water quality, open space, fish and wildlife habitat, recreation, education and urban separation and drainage and erosion control facilities, and to provide for the comprehensive management and administration of surface and storm water.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 6. Applicability.

- A. Developed parcels within the service area shall be billed each year for storm water control facilities service charges pursuant to RCW 36.89.080 beginning in 1987. Service charges shall be imposed on developed parcels lying within cities and towns when such charges have been provided for by interlocal agreements between the county and such cities or towns.
- B. The service area is that area described in Exhibit A which is attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein. It identifies the drainage basins or sub-basins thereof that comprise the service area.
- C. The service area may be modified in accordance with policy contained in Section 7M. Modifications to the service area shall be by ordinance.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 7. Policy.

A. It is the finding of the county that the majority of the basins in the service area are shared with incorporated cities and towns. In order to achieve a comprehensive approach to surface water management the county and incorporated jurisdictions within a specific basin should coordinate in the basin planning, project construction, facility maintenance and regulation of private and public developments. In addition, the

program should coordinate activities related to surface water management, including but not limited to basin planning, maintenance, operation, and construction of facilities, water quality control, contracting for services with interested municipalities or special districts including but not limited to sewer and water districts, school districts, port districts or other governmental agencies.

- It is the finding of the county that many of the difficulties found in the management of surface water problems are contributed to by the general lack of public knowledge about the relationship between human actions and land use changes and surface water management. In order to achieve a comprehensive approach to surface water management the county should provide general information to the public about the use of land and human activities which impact surface water management. Pursuant to RCW 36.89.085, it is the finding of the county that public school districts can provide significant benefits to the county regarding surface water management through educational programs which provide students an appreciation for human activities and land use practices that create surface water problems and involve students by learning from first hand exposure, the difficulties of curing surface water management problems after they occur, through community activities related to stream restoration and enhancements.
- C. Developed Properties. It is the finding of the county that developed properties contribute to an increase in surface and storm water runoff to the surface and storm water management system. This increase in surface and storm water runoff results in the need to establish rates and charges to finance the county's activities in storm and surface water management. Developed properties shall be subject to the rates and charges of

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the Surface Water Management Program based on their contribution to increased runoff. The factors to be used to determine the degree of increased surface and storm water runoff to the surface and stormwater management system from a particular parcel shall be the percentage of impervious surface coverage on the property and the total acreage of the parcel.

- D. Undeveloped Properties. It is the finding of the county that undeveloped parcels do not contribute to an increase in surface and storm water runoff to the surface and storm water management system. Undeveloped properties shall be exempt from the rates and charges of the Surface Water Management Program.
- Storm Water Control Facilities. It is the finding of the E. county that maintained storm water control facilities mitigate the increased runoff contribution of developed parcels by providing on-site drainage control. Parcels served by retention/detention storm water control facilities which were: 1) required for development of the parcel pursuant to K.C.C. 20.50 and approved by King County; or 2) can be demonstrated by the property owner to provide detention/retention of stormwater to the standards set forth in K.C.C. 20.50 shall receive a discount as provided in the rates and charges of the Surface Water Management Program, provided that, the facility is maintained at the parcel owner's expense to the standard established by the county. Properties which contain a stream, creek, lake, pond or wetland that has been identified in an adopted basin plan as an important storm water control facility and remain under the control and ownership of the parcel owner shall receive a discount from the rates and charges of the program, provided that the facility is maintained at the parcel owner's expense to the standard required by the department of public works.

- F. Open Space. It is a finding of the county that open space properties provide a benefit to the surface and storm water management system by the retention of property in an undeveloped state. Open space properties shall receive a discount from the rates and charges to encourage the retention of property in the undeveloped state.
- Residential Parcels. It is a finding of the county that G. the majority of the parcels in the service area are residential. The variance between residential parcels in parcel size and percentage of impervious surface coverage is found to be minor and to reflect only minor differences in increased runoff contributions. The administrative cost of calculating the service charge individually for each residential parcel and maintaining accurate information would be very high. A flat charge for residential parcels is less costly to administer than calculating a separate charge for each parcel and is equitable because of the similarities in total parcel size and total impervious surface coverage between residential parcels. Therefore, residential parcels shall be charged a flat charge based upon the average parcel size and average percentage of impervious surfaces.
- H. Very Lightly Developed Parcels. It is a finding of the county that very lightly developed non-residential parcels which have an impervious surface coverage under 10% of the total parcel acreage are characterized by a very low intensity of development and generally a large number of acres. A greater number of acres of undeveloped land associated with an impervious surface results in significantly less impact to the surface and storm water management system. Many of the very lightly developed properties are recreational, agricultural and timber lands identified in the King County comprehensive plan and should be encouraged to retain

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their low intensity of development. These parcels shall be charged a flat rate which will encourage the retention of large areas of undeveloped land.

- I. Lightly to Very Heavily Developed Parcels. It is the finding of the county that light to very heavily developed non-residential parcels which have an impervious surface coverage between 10% to 100% have a substantial impact on the surface and storm water management system. The impact of these parcels to the surface and storm water management system increases with the size of the parcel. Therefore, light to very heavily developed properties shall be charged a rate determined by the percent of impervious surface coverage multiplied by the parcel acreage.
- Road Systems. It is a finding of the county that county and state roads contribute a significant amount of increased runoff to the surface and storm water management system, which contributes to the need for basin planning, storm drainage control facilities and other related services. However, both the county roads and state highway programs provide substantial annual programs for the construction and maintenance of storm drainage control facilities, and the roads systems and their associated storm drainage facilities serve as an integral part of the surface and storm water management system. The rate charged county roads and state highways shall reflect the benefit which county roads and state highway facilities provide to the surface and storm water management system and therefore will exclude any system costs associated with capital improvements and on-site retention/detention facility maintenance. County and state roads unlike other property owners are continually upgrading the roads drainage system to increase both conveyance capacity and control. It is envisioned that the roads program will work cooperatively with the Surface Water Management Program to

improve regional drainage as new information is available through basin plans and other means. The percentage of impervious surface coverage for county roads and state highways shall be calculated by dividing average width of roadway and shoulder by the average width of the right of way. The service charge shall be determined by multiplying the acres of road and highway right of way within the service area times the rate per acre identified in section 8.C.

- K. Service Charge Revenues. It is the finding of the county that comprehensive management of surface and storm water runoff must include anticipation of future growth and development in the design and improvement of the surface and storm water management system. Service charge revenue needs shall be based upon the present and future requirements of the surface and storm water management system, and these needs shall be considered when determining the rates and charges of the program.
- Basin Plans. It is the finding of the county that basin plans are essential to establishing a comprehensive approach to a capital improvement program, maintenance of facilities and regulation of new developments. A plan should analyze the measures needed to control surface and storm water runoff which results from existing and anticipated development within the The measures investigated to control runoff should basin. include land use regulation such as setback requirements or community plan revisions which revise land use densities as well as the use of drainage control facilities. A plan also should recommend the quantity and water quality runoff control measures required to further the purposes set forth in Section 5, and community goals. The institutional requirements, regulations including but not limited to land use management, funding needs, and incentives for preserving streams, lakes and wetlands for

plan implementation should be identified in the plan. The proposed ordinances and regulations necessary to implement the plan shall be transmitted to the council simultaneously with the plan.

- M. Service Area. It is the finding of the county that areas now requiring urban services, areas designated to receive urban services or areas exhibiting development related storm and surface water problems require comprehensive management of storm and surface water. The council finds that the service area set forth in section 6.B. consists of the drainage basins or sub-basins in which a significant area exhibits development related storm and surface water problems or a significant area has been designated by the King County comprehensive plan, its supplements and revisions and community and middle plans, as specified in K.C.C. chapter 20.12 for urban development or development densities requiring urban services, or designated as transitional areas.
- N. Stormwater Treatment with Direct Discharge. It is a finding of the county that any parcel or those portions of any parcel served by a stormwater treatment facility which has a current National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and which discharges its treated effluent directly into Puget Sound, Lake Sammamish, Lake Washington, or the Duwamish River, does not significantly contribute to the various problems created by increased runoff. Any parcel or portion of the parcel served by such a facility should be exempt from the rates and charges of this ordinance.
- O. It is the intent of the council to evaluate and determine the appropriate policy for low income discounts or exemptions should the county adopt a general means test for other county services.

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P. It is the finding of the county that additional surface water runoff problems may be caused by new land-use development if not properly mitigated both through protection of natural systems and through constructed improvements. Further mitigation of these impacts is based on expertise which continues to evolve as new information on our natural systems is obtained and new techniques are discovered. The Surface Water Management Program, through reconnaisance studies, basin plans, and other special studies, will continuously provide valuable information on the existing problems and areas of the natural drainage system that need special protection. The county is researching and developing methods to protect the natural drainage system through zoning, buffering, and setbacks to alleviate existing problems. Setback and buffering measures allow natural preservation of wetlands and stream corridors to occur, alleviating erosion and surface pollution and providing a safe environment for the small mammals and fish which inhabit the sensitive areas. the above findings, and as information and methods become available, the executive, as appropriate shall draft and submit to the council, regulations and development standards to allow protection of the surface water management system through protection of natural drainage systems.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 8. Rate Structure.

A. The service charges shall be based on the relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from a given parcel to the surface and storm water management system. The percentage of impervious surfaces on the parcel and the total parcel acreage will be used to indicate the relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from the parcel to the surface and storm water management system. The relative contribution of increased surface and storm water runoff from

each parcel determines that parcel's share of the service charge revenue needs. The service charge revenue needs of the program are based upon all or any part, as determined by the council, of the cost and expense within the service area of maintaining and operating storm water control facilities, all or any part of the cost and expense of planning, designing, establishing, acquiring, developing, constructing, and improving any of such facilities, or to pay or secure the payment of all or any portion of any issue of general obligation or revenue bonds issued for such purpose.

B. The surface water management division shall determine the service charge for each parcel within the service area by the following methodology: Residential and very light non-residential parcels shall receive a flat rate service charge for the reasons set forth in Section 7 herein. Parcels shall be classified into the appropriate rate category in subsection C of Section 8 by their percentage of impervious surface coverage. Land use codes and data collected from parcel investigations will be used to determine each parcel's percentage of impervious surface coverage. After a parcel has been assigned to the appropriate rate category, the service charge for the parcel will be calculated by multiplying the total acreage of the parcel times the rate for that category.

C. There is hereby imposed upon all developed properties in the service area annual service charges as follows:

Impervious Surface

Class	Percentage	Rate
Residential (R) *	N A	\$ 26.07/parce1/year
Very Light (VL)	0 - 10%	\$ 26.07/parcel/year
Light (L) **	10 - 20%	\$ 60.83/acre/year
Moderate (M) **	20 - 45%	\$126.01/acre/year
Moderately Heavy (MH) **	45 - 65%	\$243.33/acre/year
Heavy (H) **	65 - 85%	\$308.51/acre/year
Very Heavy (VH) **	85 - 100%	\$404.10/acre/year
County Roads	N A	\$ 90.44/acre/year
State Highways	NA	\$ 66.85/acre/year

- * Parcel is owned by and is the personal residence of a person or persons determined by the county assessor as qualified for a low income senior citizen property tax exemption under RCW 84.36.381, then the parcel shall be exempt from the service charge and the annual flat rate charge set forth in Section 8.D.
 - ** The minimum service charge shall be \$26.07/parcel/year.
- D. An additional flat rate charge of \$3.82 per year will be added to each service charge bill to pay for the operation of the billing system.
- E. The King County council by ordinance may supplement or alter charges within specific basins and sub-basins of the service area so as to charge properties or parcels of one basin or sub-basin for improvements, studies, or maintenance which the council deems to provide service or benefit the property owners of one or more basin(s) or sub-basin(s).

NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. Rate Adjustments and Appeals.

A. Any person billed for service charges may file a "Request for Rate Adjustment" with the surface water management division

within three years of the date from which the bill was sent.

However, filing of such a request does not extend the period for payment of the charge.

- B. Requests for rate adjustment may be granted or approved by the director only when one of the following conditions exist:
- 1. The parcel is owned and is the personal residence of a person or persons determined by the county assessor as qualified for a low income senior citizen property tax exemption authorized under RCW 84.36.381; parcels qualifying hereunder shall be exempt from all charges imposed in Section 8;
 - 2. The acreage of the parcel charged is in error;
- 3. The parcel is non-residential and the actual impervious surface coverage of the parcel charged places it in a different rate category than the rate category assigned by the division;
- 4. The parcel is non-residential and the parcel meets the definition of open space in Section 1 of this ordinance; property qualifying hereunder will be charged only for the area of impervious surface and at the rate which the parcel is classified under using the total parcel acreage;
- 5. The parcel is served by one or more retention/detention facilities required pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. 20.50, or can be demonstrated by the property owner to provide detention/ retention of stormwater to the standards set forth in K.C.C. 20.50 and maintained at the expense of the parcel owner to the standards required by the department of public works; non-residential parcels except in the light rate category qualifying hereunder shall be charged at the rate of one lower rate category than it is classified by its percentage of impervious surface coverage.

 Non-residential parcels in the light category qualifying hereunder shall be charged at the rate of \$23.90/acres/year plus the flat rate charge. Residential parcels and parcels in the very light

category qualifying hereunder shall be charged \$13.04/parcel/year plus the flat rate charge.

- 6. A parcel contains a stream, creek, lake, pond or wetland that has been identified in an adopted drainage basin plan as an important storm water control facility provided that the parcel owner provides annual maintenance to the standard required by the department of public works. Parcels qualifying hereunder shall be granted a discount in the manner set forth in subsection B.5. of this section. However, parcels qualifying under subsection B.5. and B.6. of this section shall receive only one rate class discount; whichever is the greater.
- 7. A parcel is divided by the boundary of the service area and the impervious surfaces of the parcel are outside of the service area. Property qualifying hereunder shall be exempt from the rates and charges of the ordinance;
- 8. A parcel is divided by the boundary of the service area and a portion of the impervious surfaces of the parcel drain into the service area; parcels qualifying hereunder shall be charged as otherwise provided herein on the basis of the lands and impervious surfaces which drain into the service area;
- 9. The rate or service charge is otherwise erroneous in applying the terms of this ordinance.
- 10. A parcel is served by a stormwater treatment facility which holds a current National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit under the authority of the Clean Water Act of 1982, Section 402, specifically for the treatment of stormwater from the parcel AND said system discharges directly into Lake Sammamish, Lake Washington, Puget Sound, or the Duwamish River without in any way utilizing any other stormwater conveyance or storage facilities. Parcels qualifying hereunder will be charged only for the area of impervious surface not served by the

stormwater treatment facility and at the rate based upon the unserved portion of the parcel.

- Il. A parcel is owned or leased by a public school district which provides activities which directly benefit the surface water management program. The activities may include: curriculum specific to the issues and problems of surface water management, and student activities in the community to expose students to the efforts required to restore, monitor or enhance the surface water management system. Pursuant to RCW 36.89.085, the amount of the rate adjustment shall be determined by the director based upon the cost of the activities to the school district but not to exceed the value of the activity to the surface water management program. The rate adjustment for the school district activity may be applied to any parcel in the service area which is owned or operated by the school district.
- C. The property owner shall have the burden of proving that the rate adjustment sought should be granted.
- D. Decisions on requests for rate adjustments shall be made by the director based on information submitted by the applicant and by the division within 30 days of the adjustment request except when additional information is needed. The applicant shall be notified in writing of the director's decision. If an adjustment is granted which reduces the charge for the current year or two prior years, the applicant shall be refunded the amount overpaid in the current and two prior years.
- E. If the director finds that a service charge bill has been sent to a parcel owner which was undercharged for the amount of impervious surface coverage on the parcel, then either an amended bill shall be issued which reflects the increase in the service charge or the undercharged amount will be added to the next year's bill. This amended bill shall be due and payable under the

provisions set forth in Section 13 of this ordinance. The director may include in the bill the amount undercharged for two previous billing years.

F. Decisions of the director on requests for rate adjustments shall be final unless within thirty days of the date the decision was mailed the applicant submits in writing to the director a notice of appeal setting forth a brief statement of the grounds for appeal and requesting a hearing before the King County zoning and subdivision examiner. The examiner's decision shall be a final decision pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. 20.24.080.

SECTION 10. Ordinance 4461, Section 2, as amended and K.C.C. 20.24.080 are hereby amended as follows:

Final decisions by the examiner. A. The examiner shall receive and examine available information, conduct public hearings and prepare records and reports thereof, and issue final decisions based upon findings and conclusions in the following cases:

- 1. Appeals from the decisions of the administrator for short subdivisions;
 - 2. Appeals of the number of threshold determinations;
- 3. Appeals from notices and orders issued pursuant to Title 23 of this code or the rules and regulations VII of the King County department of public health;
- 4. Appeals from decisions of the department of public works regarding permits or licenses in flood hazard areas pursuant to Section 21.54.100;
- 5. Appeals from conditions imposed on final approvals of subdivisions receiving extensions pursuant to Section 19.28.050 E. or F.;
- Appeals from decisions of the zoning adjustor on administrative conditional use permits, conditional use permits or variances;

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- Appeals from decisions regarding site plan approvals pursuant to Section 21.46.180 and pursuant to Ordinance 4122;
- Appeals from decisions regarding the abatement of nonconforming uses;
- 9. Applications for shoreline substantial development permits when combined with other land use applications pursuant to Section 25.32.080:
- 10. Appeals from decisions regarding modification of landscaping requirements pursuant to Sections 21.51.050;
- 11. Appeals from decisions of the director of the department of public works on requests for rate adjustments to surface and storm management rates and charges.
- 12. Appeals from decisions to condition or deny applications pursuant to R.C.W. 43.210.060 as provided in section 20.44.110 2.C.
- ((12+)) 13. Other applications or appeals which the council may prescribe by ordinance.
- The examiner's decision may be to grant or deny the application or appeal, or the examiner may grant the application or appeal with such conditions, modifications and restrictions as the examiner finds necessary to make the application or appeal compatible with the environment and carry out applicable state laws and regulations and the regulations, policies, objectives and goals of the comprehensive plan, the community plans, the sewerage general plan, the zoning code, the subdivision code and other official laws, policies and objectives of King County.

SECTION 11. Ordinance 5940, Ordinance 5825, Section 1 and 2, K.C.C. 4.0 8.060 and K.C.C. 20.50.085 are each repealed effective December 31, 1986.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 12. Billing Procedure.

All property subject to charges of the program shall be

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billed based upon the property characteristics existing on November 1 of the year prior to the billing year and at the rate as set forth in Section 8. Billing year is the year that the bills are sent. The service charge shall be displayed and billed on the annual property tax statement for the parcel and shall be mailed to the name and address shown on the real property tax roll at the time annual property tax bills are prepared. Parcels which are exempt from property taxes and do not receive an annual property tax statement will receive a bill only for the service charge. If a payment is received in conjunction with a combined property tax and service charge, and the payment is less than the sum of the total property tax plus service charge or less than the sum of one-half of the property tax plus one-half of the service charge, and unless otherwise specified by the parcel owner, the director of the office of finance shall apply the payment to the annual property tax of the parcel first pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 84.56 RCW and any remaining amount to the service charge.

- B. The total amount of the service charge shall be due and payable to the director of the office of finance on or before the thirtieth day of April and shall be delinquent after that date; however, if one-half of such service charge is paid on or before the said thirtieth day of April, the remainder shall be due and payable on or before the thirty-first day of October and shall be delinquent after that date.
- C. Parcel characteristics affecting the service charge which are altered after November 1 of any year shall not be a basis for calculation of the service charge until after December 31 of the following year.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 13. Delinquencies and Foreclosures.

A. Delinquent service charges shall bear interest as provided

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in RCW 36.89.090 and 35.67.200 at the rate of 8 percent per annum, or such rate as may hereafter be authorized by law, computed on a monthly basis from the date of delinquency until paid. Interest shall be calculated at the rate in effect at the time of payment of the charges regardless of when the charges were first delinquent.

B. The county shall have a lien for delinquent service charges, including interest thereon, against any property subject to service charges. The lien shall be superior to all other liens and encumbrances except general taxes and local and special assessments. Such lien shall be effective and shall be enforced and foreclosed in the same manner as provided for sewerage systems of cities and towns by RCW 35.67.200 through 35.67.290.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 14. Surface Water Management Fund. A11 service charges shall be deposited in the Surface Water Management Fund in the office of finance which fund is hereby created to be used only for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost and expense of maintaining and operating surface and storm water management facilities, all or any part of the cost and expense of planning, designing, establishing, acquiring, developing, constructing and improving any such facilities, or to pay or secure the payment of all or any portion of any issue of general obligation or revenue bond issued for such purpose. said fund not needed for immediate expenditure shall be invested for the benefit of the surface water management fund pursuant to the first paragraph of RCW 36.29.020 and such procedures and limitations contained in county ordinance, provided, that sufficient funds shall be transferred no later than the end of the fiscal year in which they were first appropriated for capital projects appropriated in the Surface and Stormwater Construction Fund beginning in fiscal year 1988. For investment purposes the

director of the department of public works is hereby designated the fund manager. 2 NEW SECTION. SECTION 15. Administrative Procedures. 3 Pursuant to K.C.C. 2.98 the director shall develop administrative procedures relating to the imposition and collection of service 5 charges including but not limited to; 6 Procedures for the application and review of requests for 7 adjustments to service charges including timely review and 8 9 decision on adjustments for the first year of the service charge where a higher number of requests for adjustments is expected. 10 B. Procedures for the filing of liens and initiation of 11 12 foreclosure on delinquent accounts. NEW SECTION. SECTION 16. The service charge rate structure 13 14 as set forth in Section 8 shall terminate on December 31, 1991. NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. Severability. If any provision of 15 this chapter, or its application to any person or circumstance is 16 17 held invalid, the remainder of this ordinance and the application 18 of the provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be 19 affected. 20 INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this ______ day 21 march, 1985. 22 PASSED this 28th day of 0 23 KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON 24 25 26 ATTEST: 27 28 29 day of APPROVED this 30 31 32 33 26.

SWM Utility Service Area Description

In the following description specific names are used for basins and sub-basins, these names are deemed to refer to the basins and sub-basin names shown on Exhibit B hereto attached.

Service Area Description

All that portion of King County, Washington lying Easterly of the Easterly shoreline of Puget Sound and lying Westerly of the following described line:

Beginning at a point of intersection of the North County Line of King County and the West drainage divide of the Snoqualmie River Basin as shown on Exhibit B hereto attached, said point being 900 feet more or less West of the NE corner of Section 4, Township 26 N., Range 6 E., W.M.;

Thence Southerly along the drainage divide between said Snoqualmie River Basin and the Cedar River Basin, more specifically described as being the Easterly drainage boundary of those Cedar River Sub-basins identified as Big Bear Creek, Evans Creek, East Lake Sammamish, North Fork Issaquah Creek, East Fork Issaquah Creek and Issaquah Creek, being also the West drainage boundary of those Snoqualmie River Sub-basins identified as High Rock, Tuck Creek, Ames Lake, Patterson Creek and Raging River, to a common point of intersection of the boundaries of Sub-basin Raging River (Snoqualmie River Basin), Sub-basin Issaquah Creek and Sub-basin Lower Cedar River (Cedar River Basin);

Thence generally, Southerly, Southwesterly and Northwesterly along the common drainage divide boundary of said Sub-basins Issaquah Creek and Lower Cedar River to a point which lies 700 feet more or less Easterly of and 1,500 feet more or less Northerly of the SW corner of Section 21, Township 23 N., Range 6 E., W.M.;

Thence generally Southerly following the highest point ridgeline to Cedar Grove Airport, located in the SW 1/4 Section 28, Township 23 N., Range 6 E., W.M.;

Thence continuing generally Southerly along to highest point ridgeline and thence along said ridgeline to the North margin of Cedar Grove Road;

Thence Westerly along said margin to its intersection with the thread of the Cedar River;

Thence Southerly along the thread of said Cedar River to a point which lies 1,300 feet more or less South of the North line of Section 9, Township 22 N., Range 6 E., W.M.;

Thence generally Westerly along the highest point ridgeline to a point which lies 300 feet more or less South of the 1,600 feet more or less East of the NW corner Section 8, Township 22 N., Range 6 E., W.M., said point being also on the common drainage divide between the Cedar River Basin and the Green River Basin;

Thence Southeasterly along the drainage divide between said Cedar River Basin and the Green River Basin, more specifically described as being the Northeasterly drainage boundary of those Green River Sub-basins identified as Jenkins Creek and Covington Creek, being also the Southwesterly drainage boundary of the Cedar River Sub-basin identified as Lower Cedar River, to a common point of intersection on the boundaries of Sub-basin Lower Cedar River (Cedar River Basin), Sub-basin Covington Creek and Sub-basin Middle Green River (Green River Basin).

Thence generally Westerly along the common drainage divide boundary of said Sub-basins Covington Creek and Middle Green River to a point which lies 2,000 feet more or less South of the 1,000 feet more or less East of the NW corner of Section 20, Township 21 N., Range 6 E., W.M.;

Thence Southeasterly and Southerly along the highest point ridgeline to the North shoreline of the Green River;

Thence South to the thread of the Green River;

Thence Easterly along the thread of the Green River to its intersection with the tread of Newaukum Creek;

Exhibit A SWM Utility Service Area Description Page Two

Thence Southwesterly to the South shoreline of the Green River, said point being also on the common drainage divide boundary of the Green River Basin Sub-basins identified as Middle Green River and Newaukum Creek;

Thence generally Southerly along the common drainage divide of said Sub-basins to its intersection with the North drainage divide of the White River Basin;

Thence generally Westerly along the common drainage divide between the White River Basin and Green River Basin (also being the South boundary of the Middle Green River Sub-basin) to a point of intersection with the Easterly City Limits of Auburn;

Thence Southerly along said City Limits of Auburn to its intersection with the South County Line of King County, said point being the terminus of said described line.

EXCEPT any portion thereof lying within the limits of any incorporated area.

King County streams

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